

Mise en oeuvre d'IPv6 au CRBN

- Le Conseil Régional de Basse Normandie (CRBN)
- Architecture informatique
- Architecture réseau
- Le réseau IPv6 du CRBN
- VoIP IPv6 au CRBN
- Evolution de l'architecture IPv6 au CRBN

Le CRBN

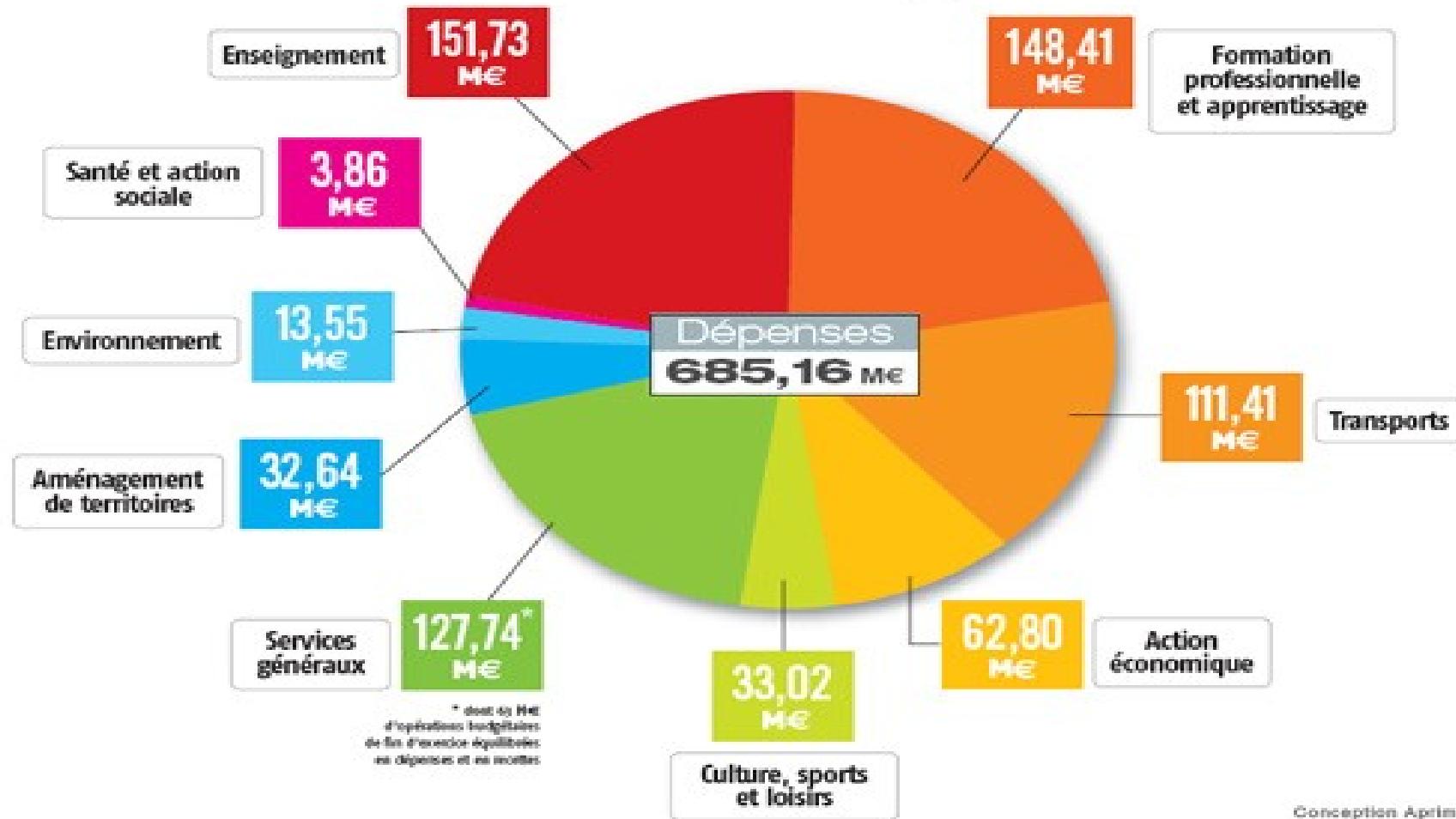
- Mission
- Quelques Chiffres
- La DSII (Direction des Systèmes d'Information)

Principales Missions

- Enseignement (Lycées, Université) et formation professionnelle
- Recherche
- Transport
- Action économique
-
- 1850 collaborateurs
 - 500 au siège
 - 50 élus
 - 1300 répartis dans les lycées.

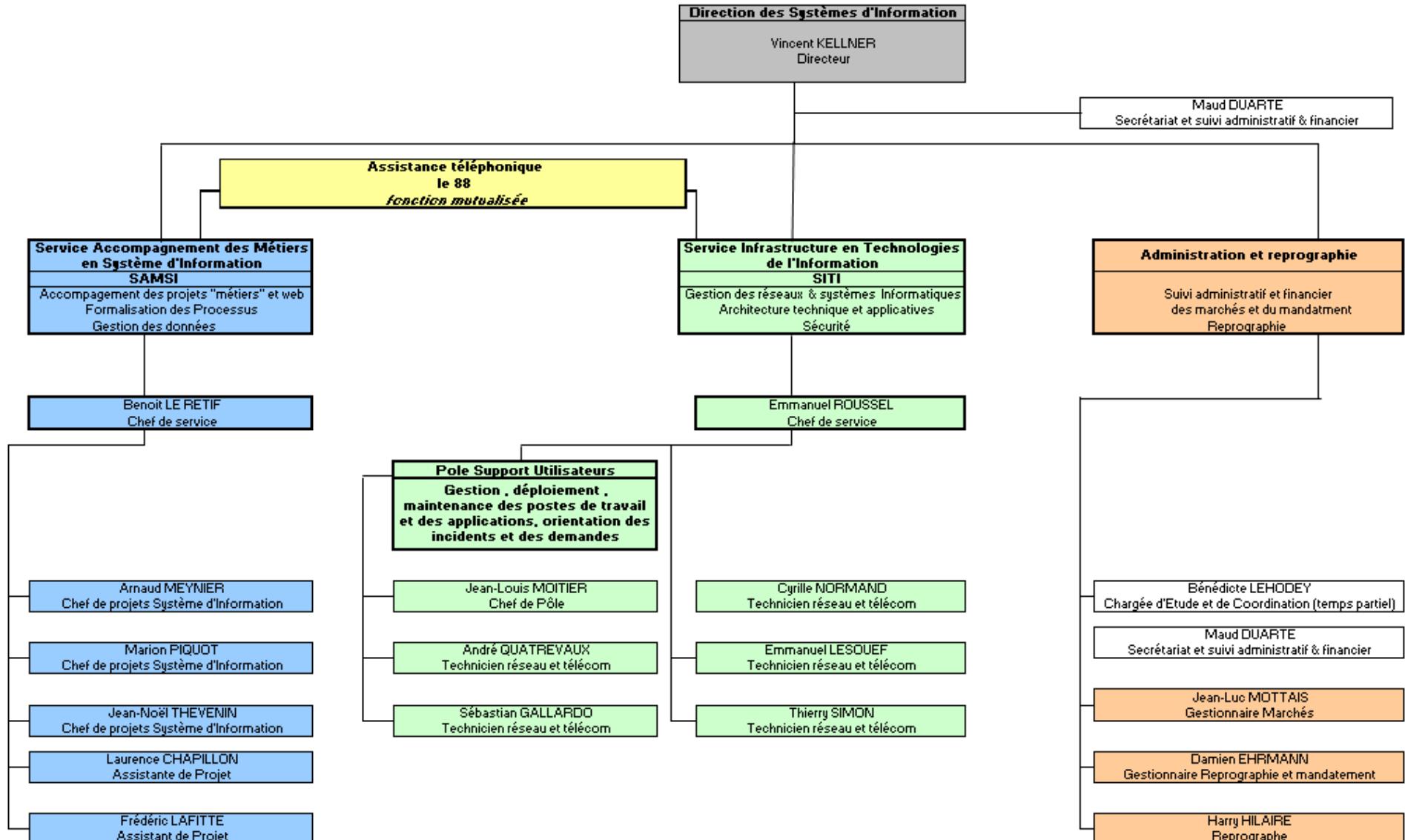
CRBN – Les chiffres

Où va l'argent ?



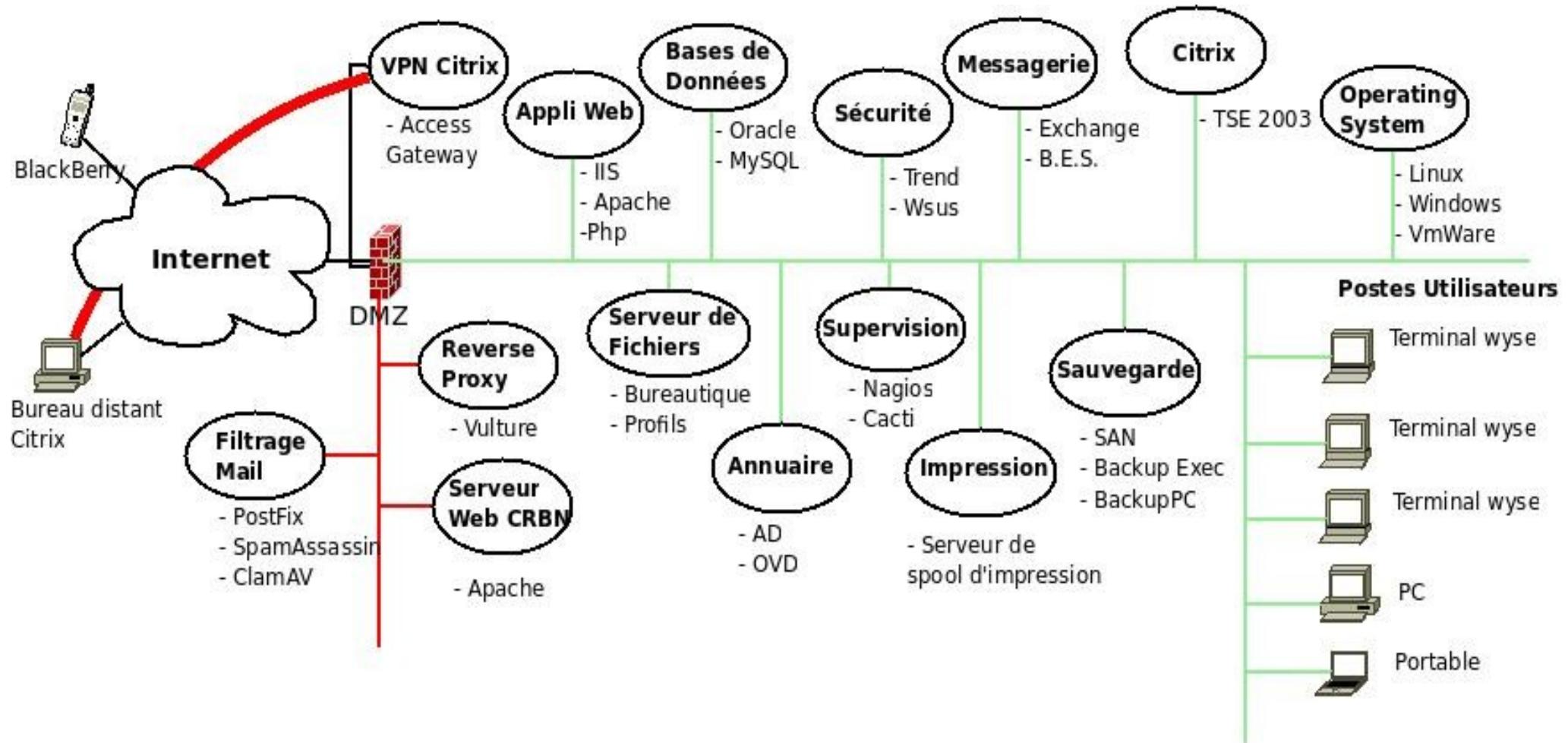
CRBN – La DSi

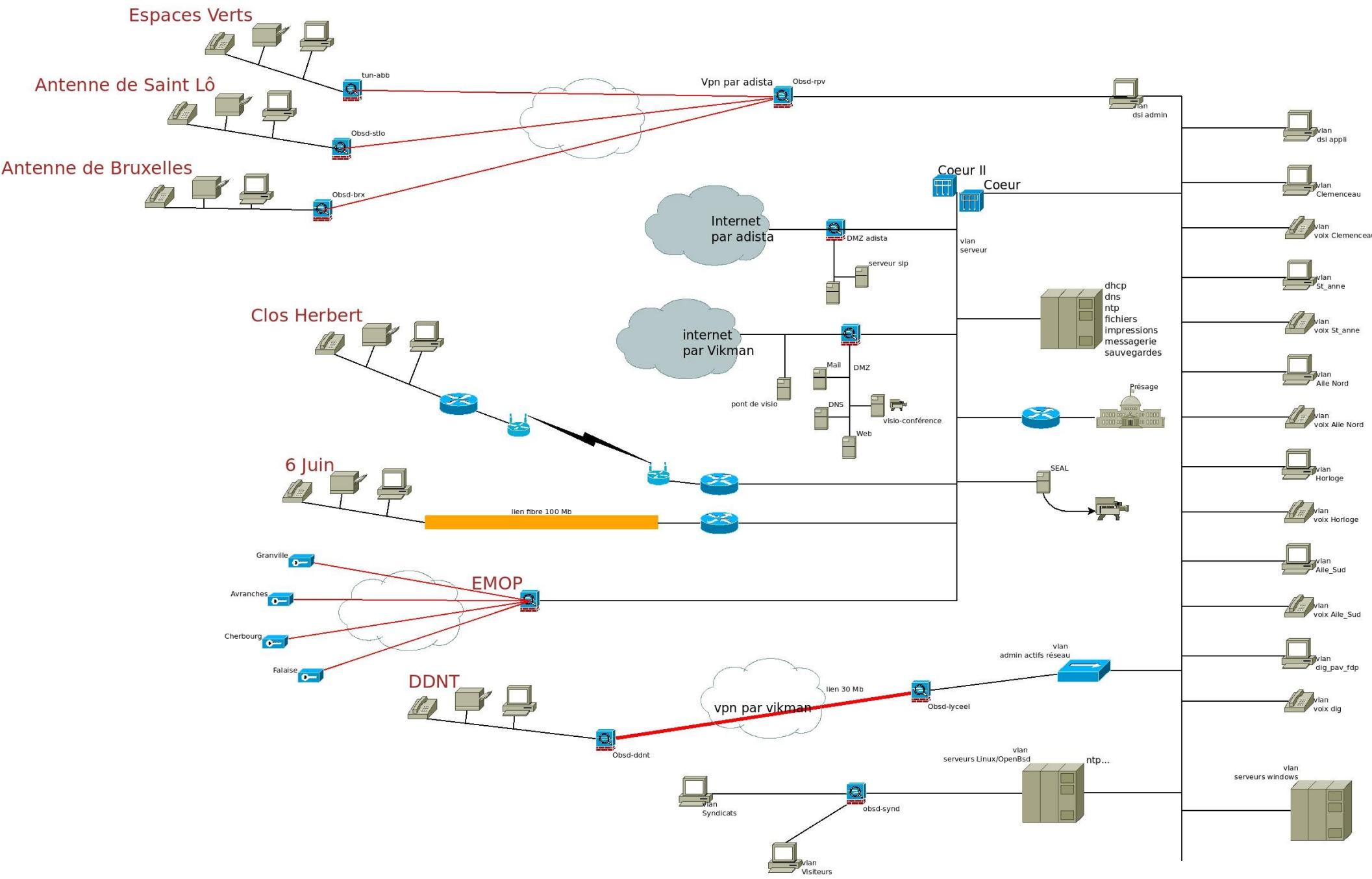
- 18 personnes
- 1 DSi
- 1 cellule administrative + reprographie (5)
- 2 services :
 - Application métiers et développements (6)
 - Système et réseau (6+1)



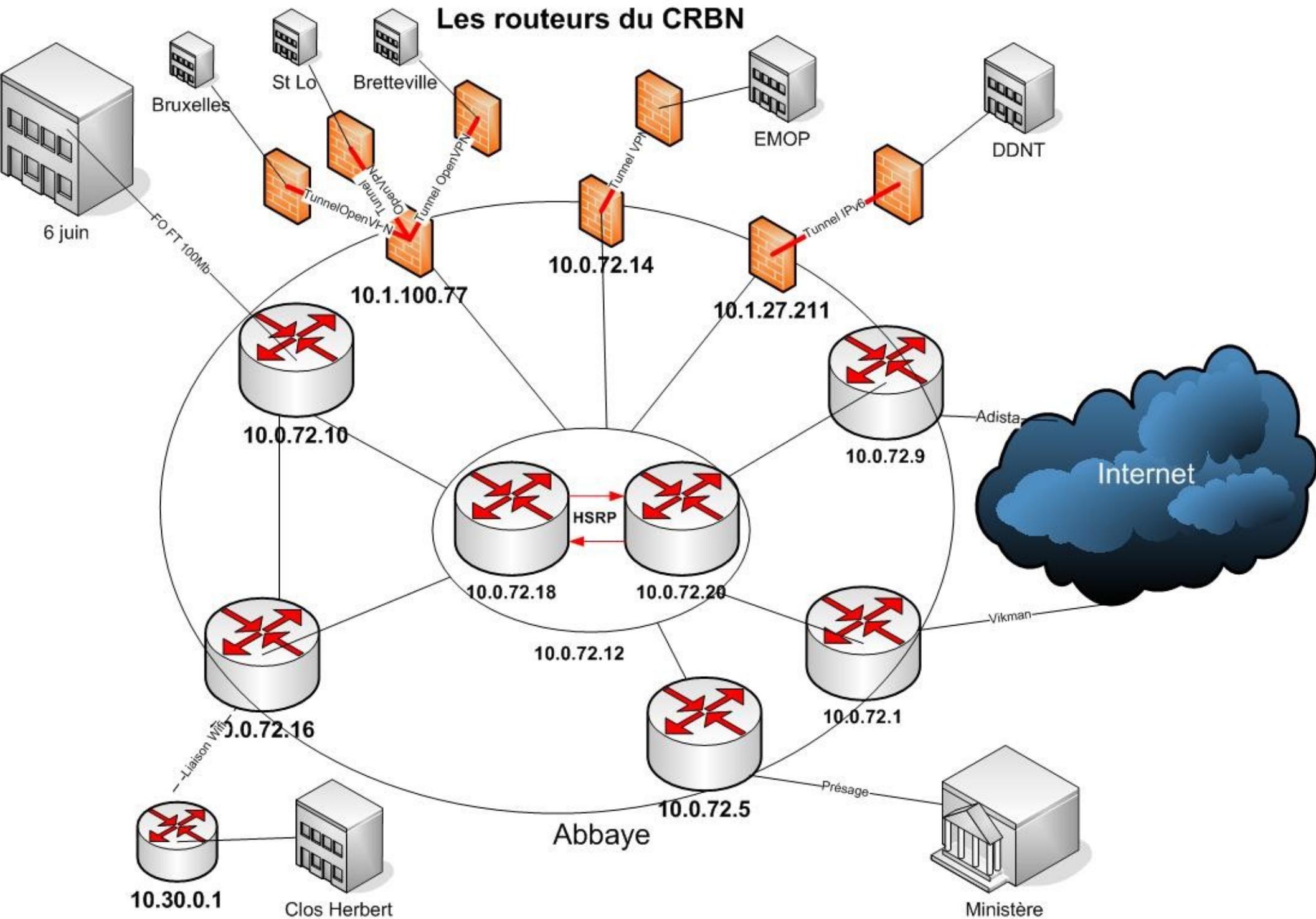
Architecture Informatique - CRBN

- 200 Pc et 400 wyes/ 500 téléphones fixes
- 100 serveurs (50 physiques + 50 virtuels)
- Windows 2008 (Domaine AD)- Exchange 2010
- Linux (~50% des serveurs)
- ESX (HA - VMotion)
- Citrix
- 110 imprimantes départementales
- 70 Blackberry – 110 tél portables
- Cluster Oracle (SGBDR) -Cluster MySQL
- Outils de monitoring : Zabbix, Smokeping, Weathermap
- 2 SAN (20 To et 11 To)
- ~ 50 progiciels





Les routeurs du CRBN



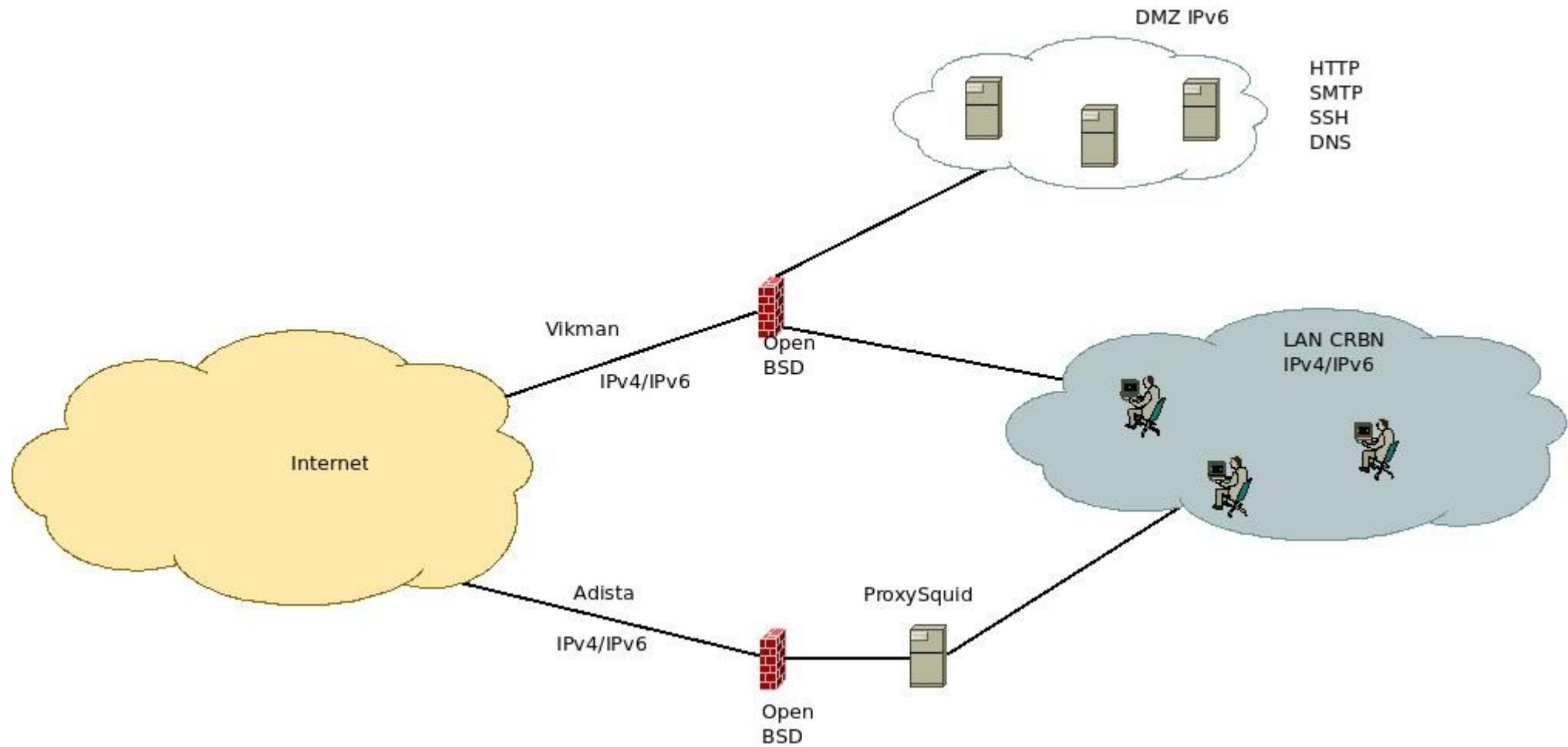
Vlan - CRBN

2	VLAN_VIKMAN	active	70	clemenceau	active
5	VOIP_CRBN	active	71	voix_clemenceau	active
9	WIFI	active	72	St_Anne	active
10	Omnitech	active	73	voix_St_Anne	active
11	Imprimantes	active	74	Aile_Nord	active
15	ServeurWindows	active	75	voix_Aile_Nord	active
21	test_I	active	76	Horloge	active
22	test_II	active	77	voix_Horloge	active
23	syndicats	active	78	Aile_Sud	active
24	ext_tunnels	active	79	voix_Aile_Sud	active
25	adista	active	80	dig_pav_fdp	active
26	dmz-adista	active	81	voix_dig	active
27	adm-actifs	active	82	formation	active
30	oracle	active	83	voix_formation	active
33	cluster MySql	active	90	TestIPv6tel	active
40	visiteurs	active	91	Tel_Ipv6	active
60	VLAN_IPV6	active	100	serveurs_lx	active
66	DSI_admin	active	101	serveurs_win	active
67	vpn-adm	active	102	serveurs_vx	active
68	DSI_appli	active	103	ipvirt_algoria	active
			106	vikman-ipv6	active
			200	DMZ	active

Pourquoi IPv6 au CRBN

- Anticiper la fin d'IPv4
- Préparer l'architecture système et réseau
- Former les administrateurs
- Participer à l'évolution et à la recherche du protocole
- Mise en oeuvre en interne de ce que la région soutien

Architecture IPv6 - CRBN



pf.conf

```
ext_if="bge1"
dmz_if="fxp0"
lan4_if="vlan27"
lan6_if="vlan60"

table <internal_addresses> {2001:660:2008:3000::/56, 2001:660:2008:10::1 }
table <lan_addresses> {2001:660:2008:3010::/60, 2001:660:2008:3020::/60,
2001:660:2008:3030::/60, 2001:660:2008:309a::/60}
table <dmz_addresses>
{2001:660:2008:30D1::120,2001:660:2008:30D1::121,2001:660:2008:30D1::123,2001:
660:2008:30D1::125}
table <self> {self}
table <auth> {}
table <ntp_lan> {}

set block-policy return
set state-policy if-bound

set skip on lo0

scrub in all

# Defaut : Bloque tout
block log all
```

pf.conf (2)

```
#####
# ICMP IPv6 -> Neighboor discovery

pass quick inet6 proto icmp6 icmp6-type {neighbrsol,neighbradv}

#####
# Anti spoofing
block drop in quick log on ! lo0 inet6 from ::1
block drop in quick log on $ext_if inet6 from <internal_addresses>
block drop in quick log on ! $dmz_if inet6 from <dmz_addresses>
block drop out quick log on $ext_if inet6 from ! <internal_addresses>

#####
# Sortie
pass out quick on $ext_if tagged EXT keep state
pass out quick on $dmz_if tagged DMZ keep state
pass out quick on $ext_if tagged EXT_DMZ keep state
pass out quick on $dmz_if tagged EXT_DMZ keep state
pass out quick on $lan6_if tagged LAN keep state

#####
# ICMP IPv6 -> router solicitation & ping

pass in  inet6 proto icmp6 icmp6-type routersol
pass out inet6 proto icmp6 icmp6-type redir
pass inet6 proto icmp6 icmp6-type routeradv
pass inet6 proto icmp6 icmp6-type echoreq keep state
```

pf.conf

```
#####
# EXT -> DMZ

# HTTP
pass in log on $ext_if proto tcp to <dmz_addresses> port {http,https} flags
S/SA tag DMZ keep state
# DNS
pass in log on $ext_if proto tcp to <dmz_addresses> port domain flags S/SA tag
DMZ keep state
pass in log on $ext_if proto udp to <dmz_addresses> port domain tag DMZ keep
state
# SMTP
pass in log on $ext_if proto tcp to <dmz_addresses> port {smtp,smtps} flags
S/SA tag DMZ keep state
# SSH
pass in log on $ext_if proto tcp to <dmz_addresses> port ssh flags S/SA tag
DMZ keep state

#####
# EXT -> LAN

# SSH
pass in log on $ext_if proto tcp to <lan_addresses> port ssh flags S/SA tag
LAN keep state

#####
```

DNS – CRBN.FR

```
@ IN SOA ns1.crbn.fr. hostmaster.crbn.fr. (
    2009121501
    21600
    3600
    604800
    3600 )

IN NS ns1.crbn.fr.
IN NS ns2.crbn.fr.

@           IN MX 10 mx1.crbn.fr.
@           IN MX 50 mx2.crbn.fr.

crbn.fr.      IN TXT "v=spf1 ip4:193.50.79.122 a mx ~all"

mx-out      50 IN A 193.50.79.121
mx-out      50 IN A 193.50.79.123

ns1          IN A 193.50.79.121
             IN AAAA 2001:660:2008:30D1::121
ns2          IN A 193.50.79.123
             IN AAAA 2001:660:2008:30D1::123

mx1          IN A 193.50.79.123
             IN AAAA 2001:660:2008:30D1::123
mx2          IN A 193.50.79.121
             IN AAAA 2001:660:2008:30D1::121

@           IN A 193.50.79.121
www          IN A 193.50.79.121
www          IN AAAA 2001:660:2008:30D1::121
```

Pour Apache :

Config HTTP et SMTP

<VirtualHost 193.50.79.121:80 [2001:660:2008:30d1::121]:80>

```
ServerName www.crbn.fr

ServerAlias crbn.fr
ServerAlias region-basse-normandie.fr
ServerAlias www.region-basse-normandie.fr

<Directory /var/www/crbn.fr/site_region>
    Options -Indexes FollowSymLinks MultiViews
    Order allow,deny
    Allow from all
</Directory>

# Essentiellement pour les stats...
ScriptAlias /cgi-bin/ /usr/lib/cgi-bin/
<Directory "/usr/lib/cgi-bin">
    AllowOverride None
    Options ExecCGI -MultiViews +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch
    Order allow,deny
    Allow from 212.51.x.x
    Allow from 10.0.10.0/24
    Allow from 2001:660:2008:3066::/64
</Directory>
...

</VirtualHost>
```

et pour Postfix,

Il faut au moins :

```
mynetworks = 127.0.0.0/8,10.0.36.230,10.1.100.0/24, [::1]/128 [fe80::]/10
[2001:660:2008:30d1::]/64
```

et

```
inet_protocols = all
```

Pourquoi changer d'autocom

- Le précédent avait 10 ans
 - Obsolete fonctionnellement et pour la maintenance
- Evolution fonctionnelle (réorganisation de l'accueil et des standards téléphoniques)
- Amélioration du taux de décroché.

Telephonie - CRBN

- Diminution des couts avec les sites distants
- Modularités d'une solution IP en terme de déploiement
- Réseau informatique déjà en place → pas de coût supplémentaire pour la mise en oeuvre
- Intégration avec les autres applications du SI

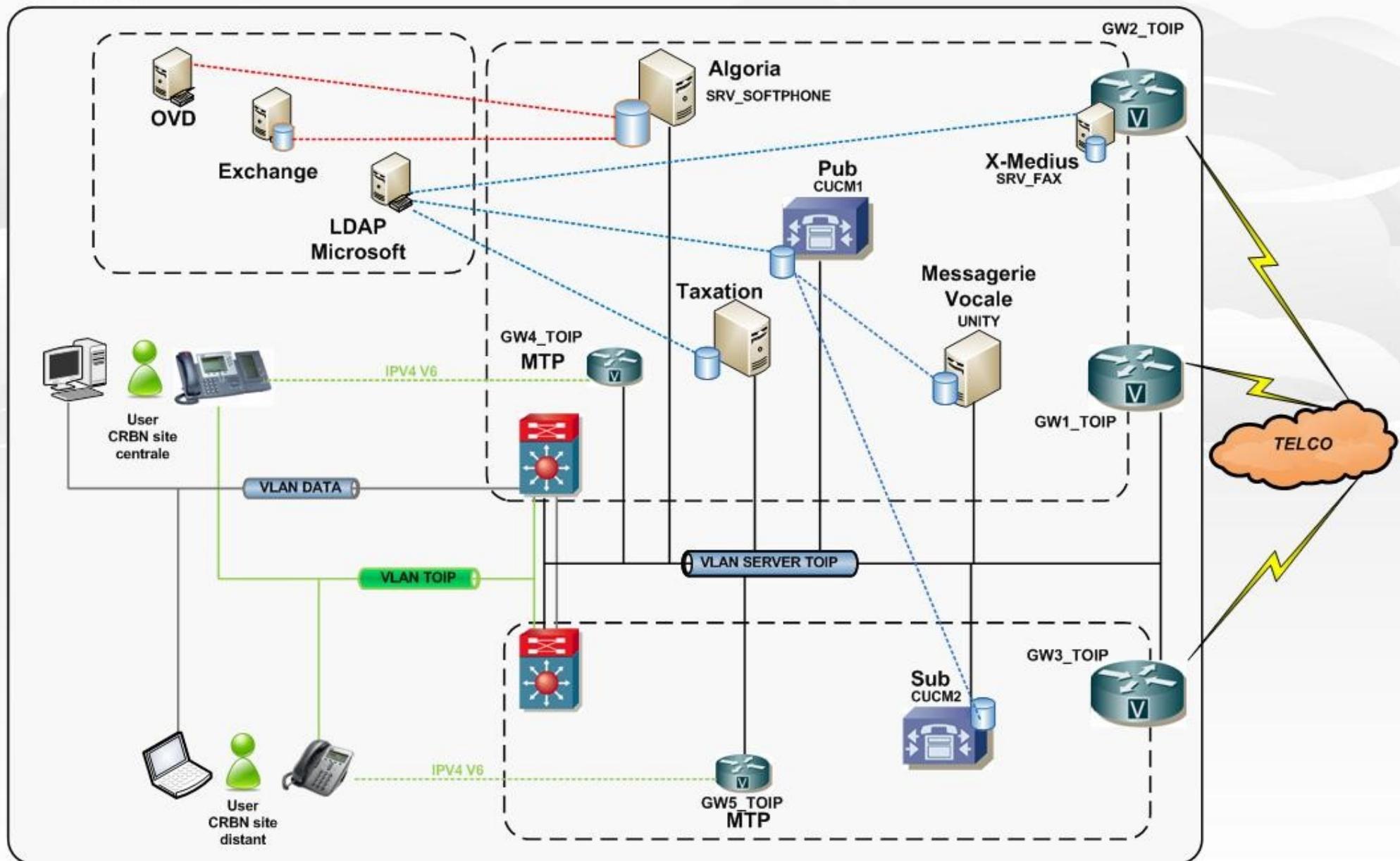
Pré requis

- Téléphonie IP doit rendre les même services que la téléphonie avec un PABX
- Fonctionnelles (renvoi, conf call, groupement, standard, MeVo...)
- Permanence (Tél tout le temps dispo)
 - Pb électrique (802.3af) PoE
 - Application informatique permettant une interconnexion avec les autres composants du Système d'Information

Préparation

- Projet d'un an !
- CCTP (Marché)
- Changement des 35 switchs (2950 → 3560)
- Mise à jour des IOS des routeurs
- Cohabitation IPv4- IPv6
 - Choix dual stack (administration plus simple)

ToIP CRBN



Configuration des switchs

```
interface FastEthernet0/2
```

```
description PC E ROUSSEL
```

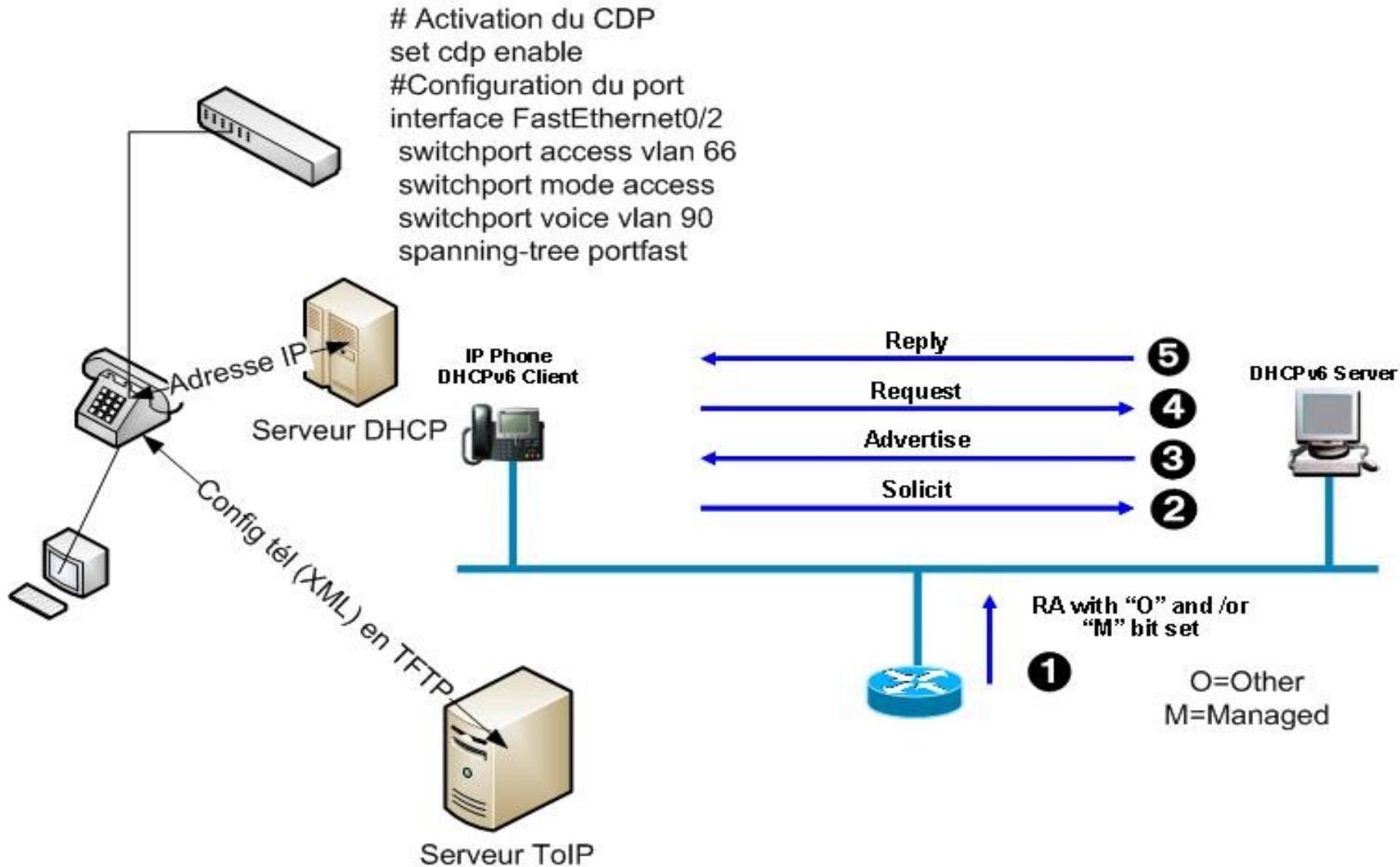
```
switchport access vlan 66
```

```
switchport mode access
```

```
switchport voice vlan 90
```

```
spanning-tree portfast
```

Configuration d'un téléphone IPv6



CRBN V2

Phone Configuration - Microsoft Internet Explorer fourni par Region Basse Normandie

Fichier Edition Affichage Favoris Outils ?

Précédente Rechercher Favoris Liens >

Adresse OK

Cisco Unified CM Administration
Pour les solutions Cisco Unified Communications

Navigation Cisco Unified CM Administration Aller

ccmadministrator | About | Logout

System Call Routing Media Resources Voice Mail Device Application User Management Bulk Administration Help

Phone Configuration Related Links: Back To Find>List Go

Save Delete Copy Reset Apply Config Add New

1	Line [1] - 9807 in CLEM_Interne
2	Ne pas déranger
3	Aucun
4	Aucun
5	Add a new BLF SD
6	Add a new BLF SD
----- Add On Module(s) -----	
7	Aucun
8	Aucun
9	Aucun
10	Aucun
11	Aucun
12	Aucun
13	Aucun
14	Aucun
15	Aucun
16	Aucun
17	Aucun

Device Protocol: SCCP

Device Information

Registration Registered with Cisco Unified Communications Manager 10.1.102.102
 IP Address **0.0.0.0**
 IPv6 Address **2001:0660:2008:3090:c86a:9e16:882c:cbe5**
 Active Load ID **SCCP41.8-5-2S**
 Is Active
 MAC Address* **0023EBC64BEF**
 Description **DSI_roussel_e**
 Device Pool* **DP_CRBN** [View Details](#)
 Common Device Configuration **CRBN_IPV6_Only** [View Details](#)
 Phone Button Template* **Standard 7961 Patron**
 Softkey Template **Standard 7961 User**
 Common Phone Profile* **Standard Common Phone Profile**
 Calling Search Space **CSS_CLEM_International**
 AAR Calling Search Space **< None >**
 Media Resource Group List **< None >**
 User Hold MOH Audio Source **ATTENTE CRBN 110000**

Terminé

Sites de confiance

DHCPv6

ipv6 dhcp pool voix_aile_nord

address prefix 2001:660:2008:3090::/64

link-address 2001:660:2008:3090::/64

dns-server 2001:660:2008:3011::37:5

domain-name crbn.intra

vendor-specific 9

suboption 1 address

2001:660:2008:3050::101

DHCPv6 (suite)

interface Vlan90

description Tel IPv6

ip address 10.1.90.3 255.255.255.0

ipv6 address 2001:660:2008:3090::1/64

ipv6 enable

ipv6 nd managed-config-flag

ipv6 dhcp server voix_aile_nord

standby 90 ip 10.1.90.1

standby 90 timers 5 15

standby 90 preempt

Sh ipv6 int VLAN 1 (bit M set) example 1

Vlan90 is up, line protocol is up

IPv6 is enabled, link-local address is FE80::222:BEFF:FE94:74C0

No Virtual link-local address(es):

Global unicast address(es):

2001:1::1, subnet is 2001:1::/64

Joined group address(es):

FF02::1

FF02::2

FF02::1:2

FF02::1:FF00:1

FF02::1:FF94:74C0

FF05::1:3

MTU is 1500 bytes

ICMP error messages limited to one every 100 milliseconds

ICMP redirects are enabled

ICMP unreachables are sent

ND DAD is enabled, number of DAD attempts: 1

ND reachable time is 30000 milliseconds (using 24019)

ND advertised reachable time is 0 (unspecified)

ND advertised retransmit interval is 0 (unspecified)

ND router advertisements are sent every 200 seconds

ND router advertisements live for 1800 seconds

ND advertised default router preference is Medium

Hosts use DHCP to obtain routable addresses.

Debug IPv6 nd example 1

.Apr 24 13:49:20.558: ICMPv6-ND: Received RS on Vlan1 from FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6
.Apr 24 13:49:20.558: ICMPv6-ND: Sending solicited RA on Vlan1
.Apr 24 13:49:20.558: ICMPv6-ND: Request to send RA for FE80::222:BEFF:FE94:74C0
.Apr 24 13:49:20.558: ICMPv6-ND: Sending RA from FE80::222:BEFF:FE94:74C0 to FF02::1 on Vlan1
.Apr 24 13:49:20.558: ICMPv6-ND: **Managed address configuration**
.Apr 24 13:49:20.558: ICMPv6-ND: MTU = 1500
.Apr 24 13:49:20.558: ICMPv6-ND: prefix = 2001:1::/64 onlink a

Debug DHCPv6

example 1

1/4

```
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: Received SOLICIT from FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6 on Vlan1
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: detailed packet contents
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   src FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6 (Vlan1)
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   dst FF02::1:2
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   type SOLICIT(1), xid 16838
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option CLIENTID(1), len 10
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     000300010021A0846FB6
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option IA-NA(3), len 40
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     IAID 0x00000001, T1 0, T2 0
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option IAADDR(5), len 24
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     IPv6 address 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     preferred 0, valid 0
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option ELAPSED-TIME(8), len 2
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     elapsed-time 0
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option ORO(6), len 6
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   DNS-SERVERS,DOMAIN-LIST,VENDOR-OPTS
Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: Using interface pool IPv6
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: Looking up pool 2001:1::/64 entry with username '000300010021A0846FB600000001'
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: Poolentry for user found
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: Found address 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A in binding for FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6, IAID 00000001
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: Updating binding address entry for address 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: Setting timer on 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A for 60 seconds
```

From IP Phone
to DHCP Server

DHCP
Server

Debug DHCPv6

example 1

2/4

```
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: Sending ADVERTISE to FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6 on Vlan1
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032: IPv6 DHCP: detailed packet contents
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   src FE80::222:BEFF:FE94:74C0
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   dst FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6 (Vlan1)
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   type ADVERTISE(2), xid 16838
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option SERVERID(2), len 10
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     000300010022BE947480
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option CLIENTID(1), len 10
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     000300010021A0846FB6
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option IA-NA(3), len 40
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     IAID 0x00000001, T1 43200, T2 69120
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option IAADDR(5), len 24
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   IPv6 address 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   preferred 86400, valid 172800
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:   option VENDOR-OPTS(17), len 24
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     Enterprise ID: 9
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:     Suboption 1, length 16
.Apr 23 16:43:14.032:       Data: 2001000100000000021CC4FFE3A1128
```

From DHCP Server
to IP Phone



Cisco

TFTP

Debug DHCPv6

3/4

example 1

```
.Apr 23 16:43:15.148: IPv6 DHCP: Received REQUEST from FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6 on Vlan1
.Apr 23 16:43:15.148: IPv6 DHCP: detailed packet contents
.Apr 23 16:43:15.148: src FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6 (Vlan1)
.Apr 23 16:43:15.148: dst FF02::1:2
.Apr 23 16:43:15.148: type REQUEST(3), xid 10113
.Apr 23 16:43:15.148: option CLIENTID(1), len 10
.Apr 23 16:43:15.148: 000300010021A0846FB6
.Apr 23 16:43:15.148: option SERVERID(2), len 10
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: 000300010022BE947480
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option IA-NA(3), len 40
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IAID 0x00000001, T1 0, T2 0
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option IAADDR(5), len 24
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 address 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: preferred 86400, valid 172800
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option ELAPSED-TIME(8), len 2
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: elapsed-time 0
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option ORO(6), len 6
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: DNS-SERVERS,DOMAIN-LIST,VENDOR-OPTS
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 DHCP: Using interface pool IPv6
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 DHCP: Looking up pool 2001:1::/64 entry with username '000300010021A0846FB600000001'
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 DHCP: Poolentry for user found
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 DHCP: Found address 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A in binding for FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6, IAID 00000001
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 DHCP: Updating binding address entry for address 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A
.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 DHCP: Setting timer on 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A for 172800 seconds
```

From IP Phone
to DHCP Server

DHCP
Server

Debug DHCPv6

example 1

4/4

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 DHCP: **Sending REPLY** to FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6 on Vlan1

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 DHCP: detailed packet contents

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: src FE80::222:BEFF:FE94:74C0

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: dst FE80::221:A0FF:FE84:6FB6 (Vlan1)

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: type REPLY(7), xid 10113

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option SERVERID(2), len 10

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: 000300010022BE947480

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option CLIENTID(1), len 10

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: 000300010021A0846FB6

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option IA-NA(3), len 40

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IAID **0x00000001**, T1 43200, T2 69120

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option IAADDR(5), len 24

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: IPv6 address 2001:1::854F:9498:B198:802A

CISCO

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: preferred 86400, valid 172800

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: option VENDOR-OPCODE(7), len 24

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: Enterprise-ID: 9

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: Suboption 1, length 16

.Apr 23 16:43:15.157: Data: 2001000100000000021CC4FFFE3A1128

From DHCP Server
to IP Phone

Paquet Voix IPv6



Terminologie



IPv4 Only



IPv6 Only



Dual Stack – IPv4 and IPv6

Support IPv4 et IPv6



- **CUCM 7.1(2)**

Linux OS only



- **Cisco IP Phones**

Cisco IP Phones utilisant SCCP



- **Gateways**

SIP Gateways (ISR 28XX & 38XX, AS5400)

VG224 SCCP Analogue Gateway

SCCP ISR 2811 routers

IOS MTPs IPv4 - IPv6 RTP Media conversion



- **CUCM SIP Trunks**

IPv6 – Configuration des terminaux

Configuration commune applicable au Tél et gateways

Pour les périphériques IPv6 ready les valeurs suivantes sont applicables :

IP Mode d'adressage :

IPv4 Only - tél IPv4 address seul

IPv6 Only - tél IPv6 address seul

IPv4 et IP6 -tél avec adresse IPv4 address et une adresse IPv6

IP Addressing Mode Preference for Signalling:

IPv4 only

IPv6 only

System Default

Allow Auto Configuration For Phones :

On

Off

Default

Cisco Unified CM Administration
For Cisco Unified Communications Solutions

System ▾ Call Routing ▾ Media Resources ▾ Voice Mail ▾ Device ▾ Application ▾ Management ▾

Common Device Configuration

Save Delete Copy Reset Add New

Common Device Configuration Information

Common Device Configuration: IP Phone Profile (0 members**)

Name*: IP Phone

Softkey Template: Standard Feature

User Hold MOH Audio Source: 1-Sample AudioSource

Network Hold MOH Audio Source: 1-Sample AudioSource

User Locale: English, United States

IP Addressing Mode*: IPv4 and IPv6

IPv4 Only

IPv6 Only

IPv4 and IPv6 (selected)

IP Addressing Mode Preference for Signaling*: IPv4

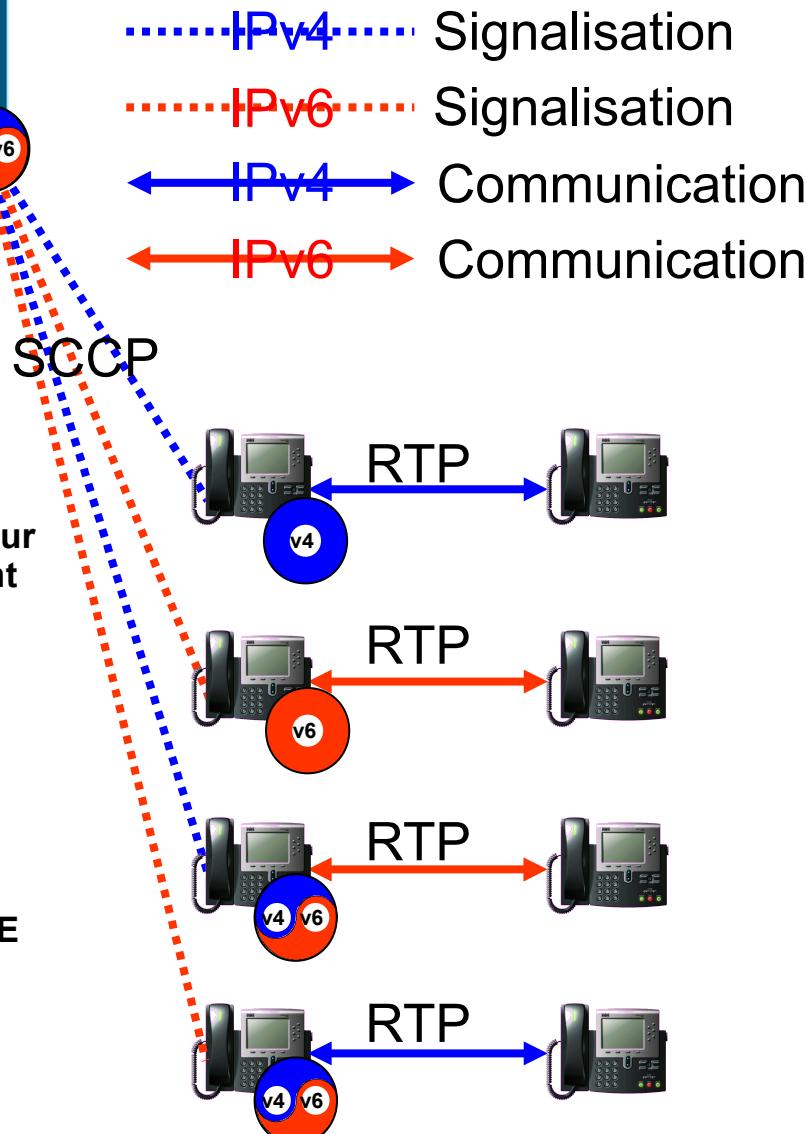
Allow Auto-Configuration for Phones*: IPv4

IPv6

Use System Default

Use Trusted Relay Point

IPv6 – Signalisation & Options d'adressage



Configuration des terminaux

Cisco Unified CM Administration
For Cisco Unified Communications Solutions

System ▾ Call Routing ▾ Media Resources ▾ Voice Mail ▾ Device ▾ Application ▾ User Management ▾

Common Device Configuration

Save Delete Copy Reset Add New

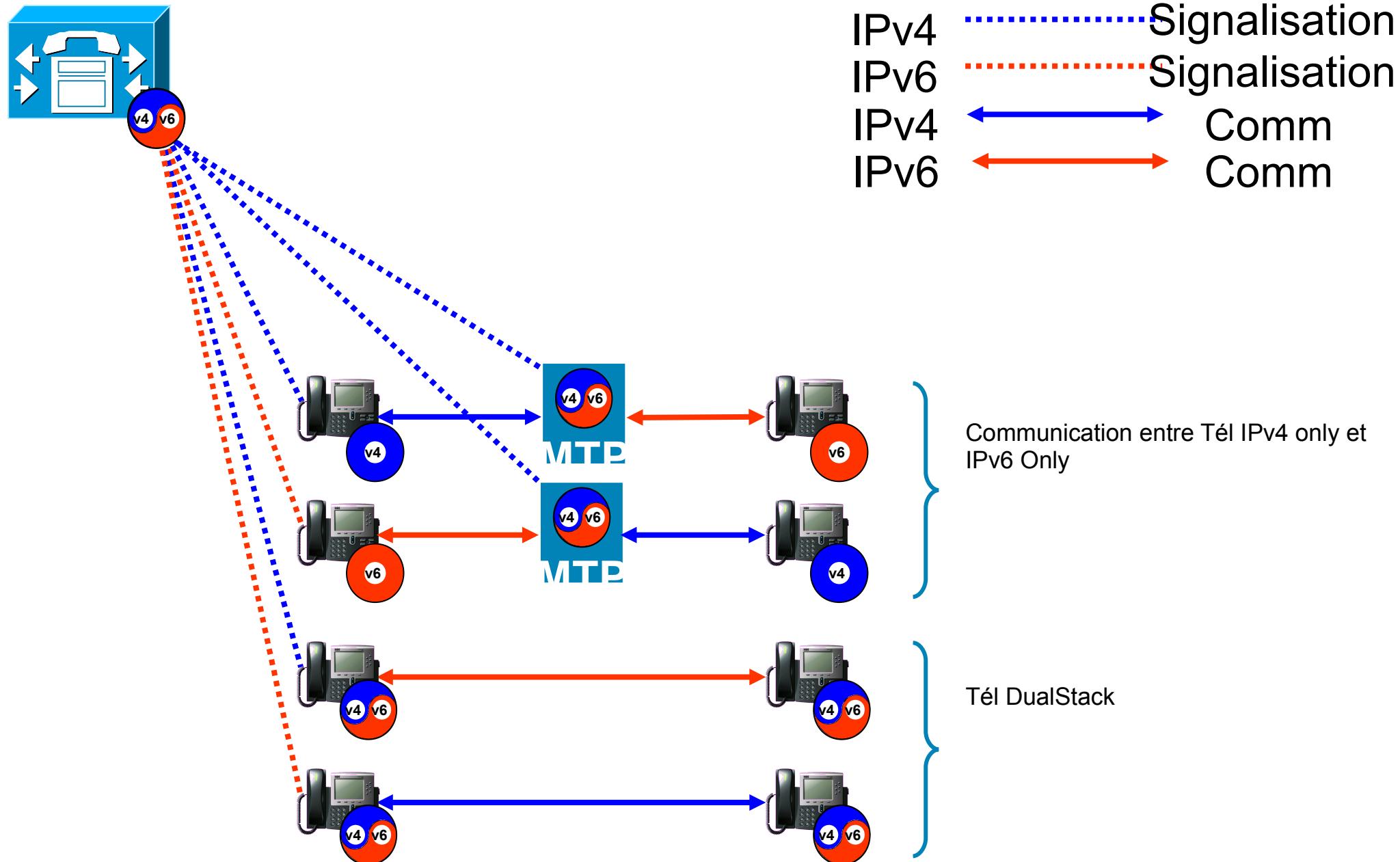
Common Device Configuration Information

Common Device Configuration: IP Phone Profile (0 members**)

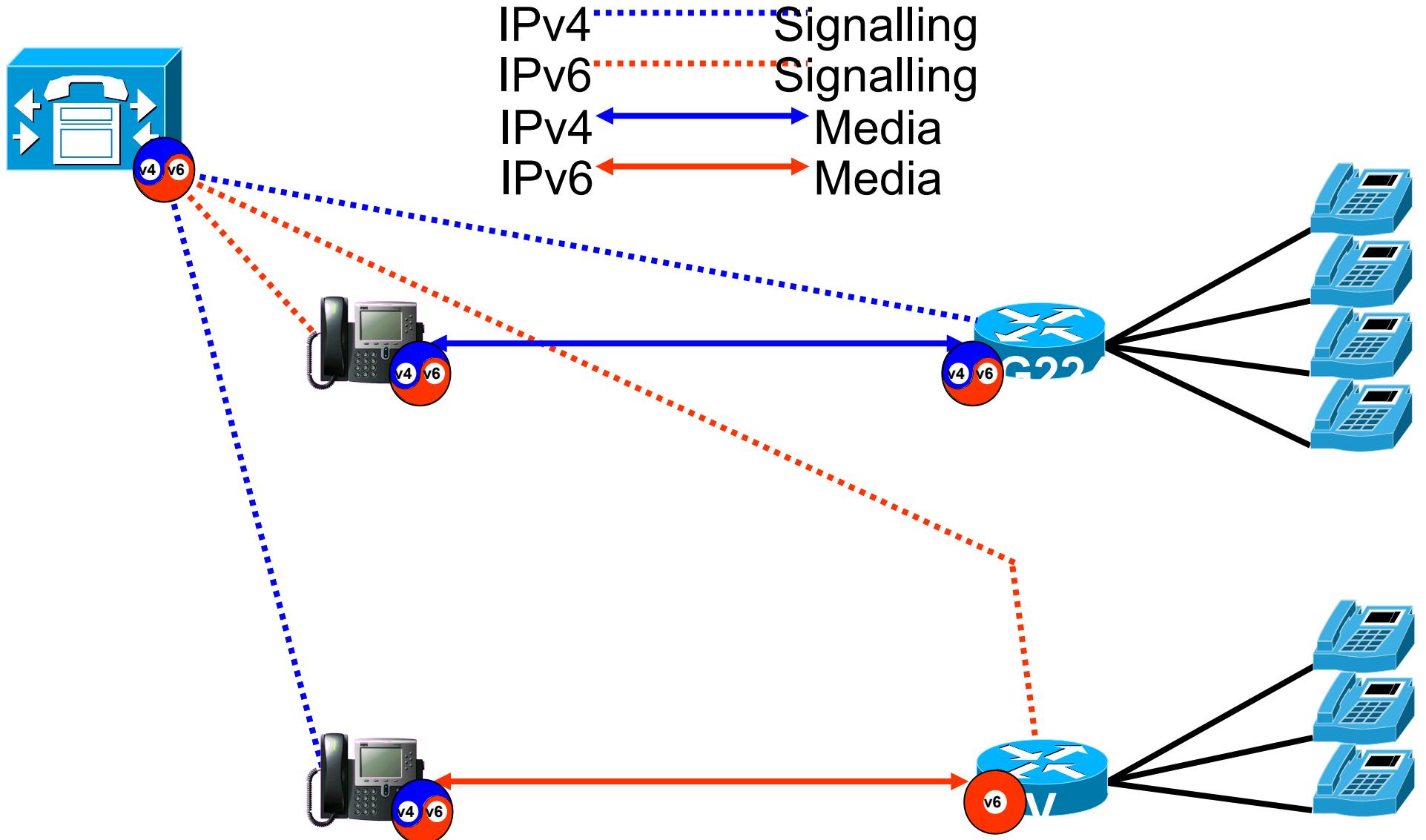
Common Device Configuration Information

Name *	IP Phone
Softkey Template	Standard Feature
User Hold MOH Audio Source	1-Sample AudioSource
Network Hold MOH Audio Source	1-Sample AudioSource
User Locale	English, United States
IP Addressing Mode *	IPv4 and IPv6
IP Addressing Mode Preference for Signaling *	IPv4 Only
Allow Auto-Configuration for Phones *	IPv4 and IPv6
<input type="checkbox"/> Use Trusted Relay Point	
IP Addressing Mode Preference for Signaling *	IPv4
Allow Auto-Configuration for Phones *	IPv4
<input type="checkbox"/> Use Trusted Relay Point	IPv6
	Use System Default

IPv6 – CUCM Phone Signaling and Media Options

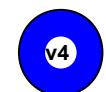


IPv6 – VG224 & ISR SCCP FXS Analogue ports

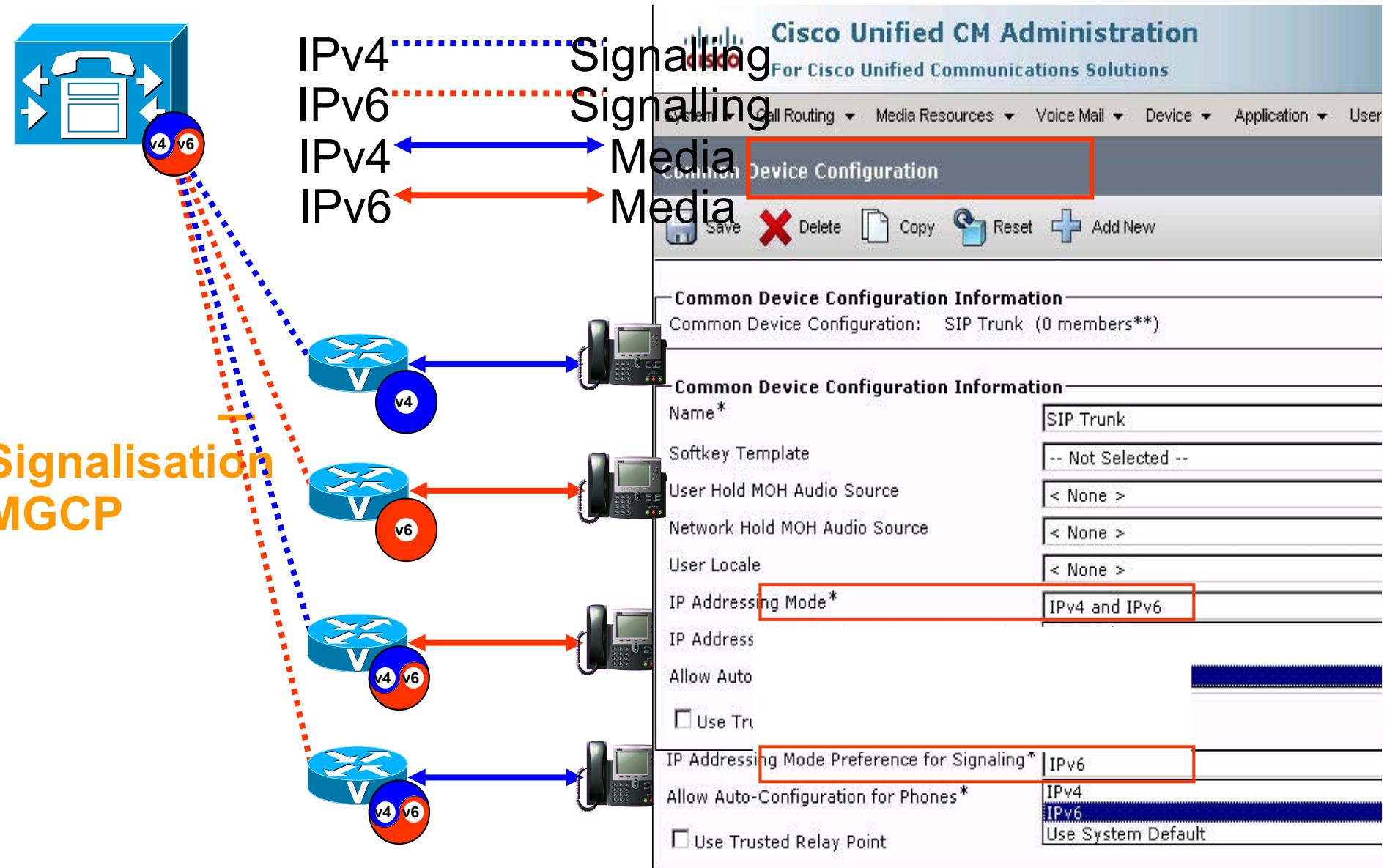


Le VG224 et ISRs utilisent SCCP pour l'enregistrement individuel des ports analogues CUCM

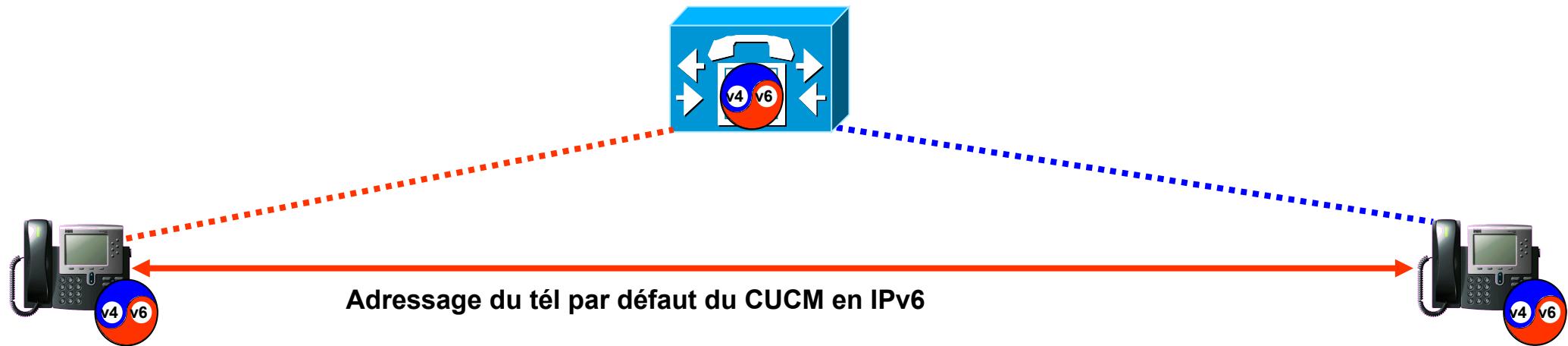
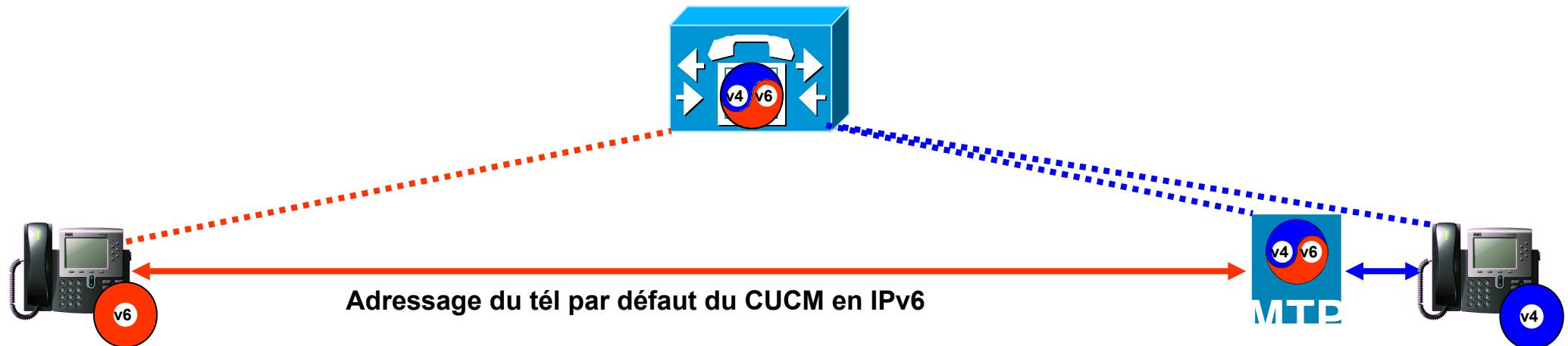
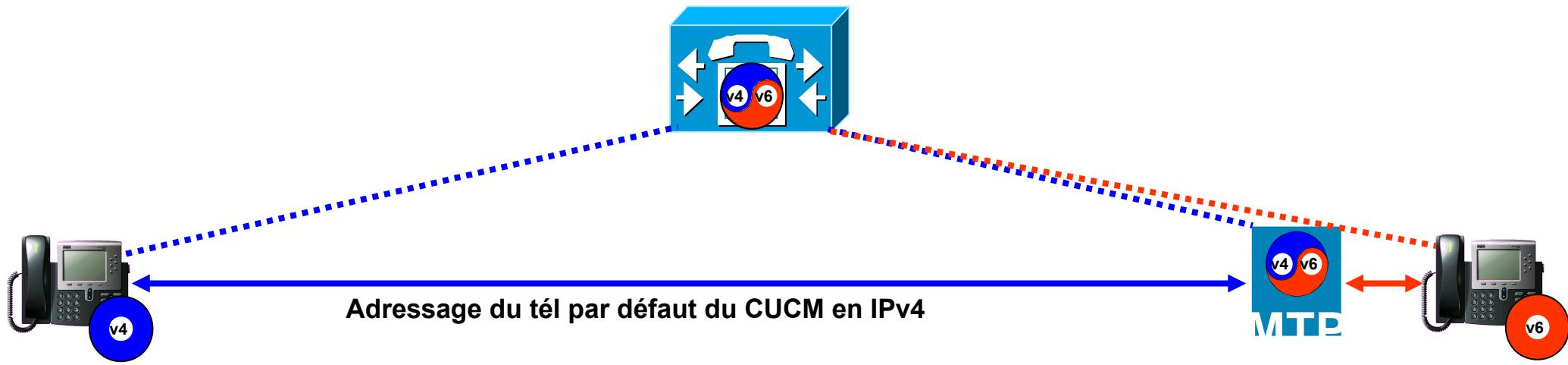
Les deux platforms supportent IPv4 et IPv4/IPv6



IPv6 – Gateways & CUCM



MTP



Config des Gateways

```
no ip domain lookup
ip host cucm1 10.1.102.101
ip host cucm2 10.1.102.102
!
ipv6 host cucm1 2001:660:2008:3050::101
ipv6 host cucm2 2001:660:2008:3050::102

multilink bundle-name authenticated
!!
isdn switch-type primary-net5
!!
voice service voip
fax protocol t38 ls-redundancy 0 hs-redundancy 0 fallback cisco
h323
no call service stop
!
controller E1 0/0/0
framing NO-CRC4
pri-group timeslots 1-31 service mgcp
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
ip address 10.1.102.9 255.255.255.0
duplex auto
speed auto
ipv6 address 2001:660:2008:3050::102:9/64
ipv6 enable
```

Config des Gateways (2)

```
interface Serial0/0/0:15
no ip address
encapsulation hdlc
isdn switch-type primary-net5
isdn incoming-voice voice
isdn bind-l3 ccm-manager
no cdp enable
!
voice-port 0/0/0:15
cptone FR
!
ccm-manager redundant-host 10.1.102.102
ccm-manager mgcp
ccm-manager music-on-hold
ccm-manager config server cucm1
ccm-manager config
!
mgcp
mgcp call-agent 10.1.102.101 2427 service-type mgcp version 0.1
mgcp dtmf-relay voip codec all mode out-of-band
mgcp rtp unreachable timeout 1000 action notify
mgcp modem passthrough voip mode nse
mgcp package-capability rtp-package
mgcp package-capability sst-package
```

Config des Gateways (3)

```
mgcp package-capability pre-package
mgcp default-package fxr-package
no mgcp package-capability res-package
mgcp tse payload 106
no mgcp timer receive-rtcp
mgcp timer nse-response t38 250
mgcp sdp simple
mgcp fax rate 14400
no mgcp fax-relay sg3-to-g3
mgcp rtp payload-type g726r16 static
mgcp bind control source-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
mgcp bind media source-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
mgcp behavior g729-variants static-pt
!
mgcp profile default
!
gateway
```

Config MTP (gw4)

....

```
ccm-manager fax protocol cisco
```

```
!
```

```
mgcp fax t38 ecm
```

```
!
```

```
## MTP
```

```
sccp local FastEthernet0/0
```

```
sccp ccm 2001:660:2008:3050::101 identifier 4 version 7.0
```

```
sccp ccm 10.1.102.101 identifier 3 version 7.0
```

```
sccp ccm 10.1.102.102 identifier 1 version 7.0
```

```
sccp ccm 2001:660:2008:3050::102 identifier 2 version 7.0
```

```
sccp
```

QoS sur routeur vers Clos Herbert

...

```
class-map match-any SDMVoice-Vlan9  
match protocol rtp audio
```

...

```
policy-map SDM-Pol-Vlan9  
class SDMVoice-Vlan9  
set dscp ef  
priority percent 20
```

...

```
interface FastEthernet0/1  
description Lien TRUNK vers RG_SWx CRBN  
bandwidth 100000
```

...

```
service-policy output SDM-Pol-FastEthernet0/1
```

Integration des Annuaires

- Unicité des informations
- Centralisation via OVD
- Configuration sur les applications ToIP
 - Algoria
 - Cieme
 - Unity (MeVo)
 - Serveur ToIP (@mail comme référentiel unique)
- Solution IPv4 seulement :o(

Étapes suivantes

- Architecture réseau IPv6 ready
- Prochaine étape les applications ?
 - Les grands éditeurs ont fait des avancées très conséquentes durant les 24 derniers mois.
 - Les « petits » éditeurs sont très frileux pour s'engager
 - Certains n'ont pas encore étudié la conformité de leur application
 - Circulaire du 8 décembre 2011.

Quelques exemples

- Oracle 11g → IPv6 ready
- XenApp (Citrix) IPv6 ready
- Windows 2008
- Windows 7
- ESX 4
- ...